| Qu | Answer | Mark | Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Section A |  |  |  |
| 1(i) | $\left(\begin{array}{cc}0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0\end{array}\right)$ | B1 | Accept expressions in sin and cos |
| 1(ii) | $\left(\begin{array}{ll} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array}\right)$ | B1 | Ans (ii) x Ans (i) attempt evaluation |
| 1(iii) | $\left(\begin{array}{ll} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array}\right)\left(\begin{array}{cc} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array}\right)=\left(\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{array}\right)$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1ft } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 1(iv) | Reflection in the $x$ axis | B1 |  |
|  |  | [5] |  |
| 2(i) | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{z+w}{w}=\frac{-1-\mathrm{j}}{-4+\mathrm{j}} \times \frac{-4-\mathrm{j}}{-4-\mathrm{j}} \\ & =\frac{3+5 \mathrm{j}}{17}=\frac{3}{17}+\frac{5}{17} \mathrm{j} \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> A1 <br> A1 <br> [3] | Multiply top and bottom by -4-j <br> Denominator $=17$ <br> Correct numerators |
| 2(ii) | $\begin{aligned} & \|w\|=\sqrt{17} \\ & \arg w=\pi-\arctan \frac{1}{4}=2.90 \\ & w=\sqrt{17}(\cos 2.90+\mathrm{j} \sin 2.90) \end{aligned}$ | B1 |  |
|  |  | B1 | Not degrees |
|  |  | B1 | c.a.o. Accept $(\sqrt{17}, 2.90)$ <br> Accept 166 degrees |
| 2(iii) | Im | [3] | Accept 166 degrees |
|  |  | B1 <br> B1 <br> [2] | Correct position <br> Mod w and Arg w correctly shown |
| 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \alpha+\beta+\gamma=4=-p \\ & p=-4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { M1 } \\ \text { A1 } \end{gathered}$ | May be implied |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (\alpha+\beta+\gamma)^{2}=\alpha^{2}+\beta^{2}+\gamma^{2}+2(\alpha \beta+\alpha \gamma+\beta \gamma) \\ & \Rightarrow 16=6+2 q \\ & \Rightarrow q=5 \end{aligned}$ | M1 | Attempt to use $(\alpha+\beta+\gamma)^{2}$ |
|  |  | A1 | o.e. Correct |
|  |  | A1 | c.a.o. |


| 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{5 x}{x^{2}+4}<x \\ & \Rightarrow 5 x<x^{3}+4 x \\ & \Rightarrow 0<x^{3}-x \\ & \Rightarrow 0<x(x+1)(x-1) \\ & \Rightarrow x>1,-1<x<0 \end{aligned}$ | A1 <br> A1 <br> M1dep* <br> A1 <br> A1 <br> [6] | Method attempted towards factorisation to find critical values $x=0$ $x=1, x=-1$ <br> Valid method leading to required intervals, graphical or algebraic $\begin{aligned} & x>1 \\ & -1<x<0 \end{aligned}$ <br> SC B2 No valid working seen $\begin{aligned} & x>1 \\ & -1<x<0 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \sum_{r=1}^{20} \frac{1}{(3 r-1)(3 r+2)} \equiv \frac{1}{3} \sum_{r=1}^{20}\left[\frac{1}{3 r-1}-\frac{1}{3 r+2}\right] \\ & =\frac{1}{3}\left[\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{5}\right)+\left(\frac{1}{5}-\frac{1}{8}\right)+\ldots .+\left(\frac{1}{59}-\frac{1}{62}\right)\right] \\ & =\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{62}\right)=\frac{5}{31} \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> A1 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> A1 <br> [5] | Attempt to use identity - may be implied <br> Correct use of $1 / 3$ seen <br> Terms in full (at least first and last) Attempt at cancelling <br> c.a.o. |



## Section B

| 7(i) | $(0,18)$ | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $(-9,0),\left(\frac{8}{3}, 0\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B1 } \\ & \text { B1 } \end{aligned}$ [3] |  |
| 7(ii) | $x=2, x=-2$ and $y=3$ | B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> [3] |  |
| 7(iii) | Large positive $x, y \rightarrow 3^{+}$from above <br> Large negative $x, y \rightarrow 3^{-}$from below <br> (e.g. consider $x=100$, or convincing algebraic argument) | B1 <br> B1 <br> M1 <br> [3] | Must show evidence of working |
| 7(iv) |  | B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> [3] | 3 branches correct <br> Asymptotes correct and labelled Intercepts correct and labelled |




